Regional Service Through Unity... Meeting our Region's Needs Today and Tomorrow



National Waterways Conference

September 18, 2019

Tom Kula, NTMWD Executive Director





BOIS D'ARC LAKE



NTMWD: Water for the Future of North Texas





HISTORY OF NTMWD



10 Original Member Cities

Farmersville, Forney, Garland, McKinney, Mesquite, Plano, Princeton, Rockwall, Royse City, and Wylie

"We decided we were all in this together. We couldn't do it separately."

- 1951 Created by TX Legislature to Provide Water Service
- 1956 Began Providing Treated WATER to Member Cities
- 1970s Expanded to WASTEWATER Service
- 1973 Richardson added as Member City
- 1980s Expanded to SOLID WASTE Service
- 1998 Allen added as Member City
- 2001 Frisco added as Member City



REGIONAL PROVIDER: WATER, WASTEWATER, SOLID WASTE











WATER ESSENTIAL FOR ECONOMIC GROWTH

Water supply infrastructure is the driving force of community and business vitality

NTMWD Total Population Served: Historical and Projected

Year	1956	1961	1974	1994	2019	2040	2070
Population Served	32,000	60,000	200,000	800,000	1,700,000	2,500,000	3,700,000



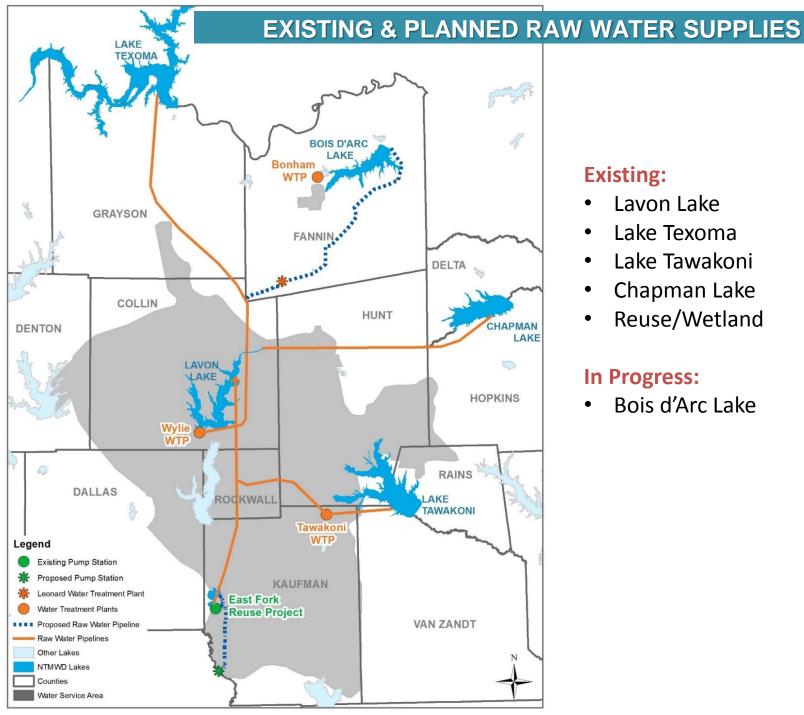
Legacy West - Plano











Existing:

- Lavon Lake
- Lake Texoma
- Lake Tawakoni
- Chapman Lake
- Reuse/Wetland

In Progress:

Bois d'Arc Lake



BOIS D'ARC LAKE

- Decade+ of planning, permitting
- Surface Area: 16,641 acres
- Supply: Firm Yield of 108 MGD
- Average/Max Depth: 22/70 ft
- Lake Elevation: 534 ft mean sea level (MSL)
- Owner & operator: NTMWD
- Cost Estimate: \$1.6B
- Construction began May 2018
- Impoundment expected Fall 2020
- Water delivery expected Spring 2022
- BoisdArcLake.org



First major reservoir to be constructed in Texas in nearly 30 years



BOIS D'ARC LAKE: KEY COMPONENTS

- Dam, Intake, Terminal Storage Reservoir – ARCHER WESTERN
- 2. Environmental Mitigation (17,000+ acres) RES
- Raw Water Pump Station,Water Treatment Plant –GARNEY
- 4. FM 897, County Roads, Boat Ramps, Lake Office – AUSTIN BRIDGE & ROAD
- 5. Pipelines GARNEY
 - 35-mile 90-inch raw water
 - 25-mile 84-inch treated water

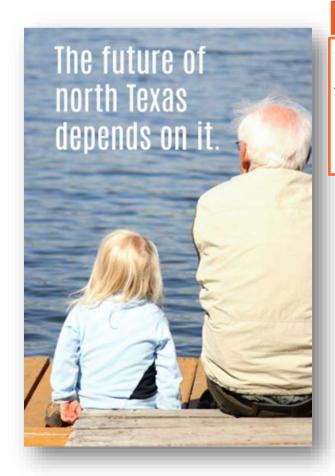








PLANNING AND PERMITTING TIMELINE



December 2006

State Water Rights Permit Application

June 2008

USACE Section 404 Permit Application

February 2015

USACE Issues Draft Environmental Impact Statement

June 2015

State Water Rights Permit Received – Anticipating 404 Permit in Jan 2016

July 2015

USACE
Requires HGM
methodology
for Mitigation –
Delay in
expected 404
permit

March 2017

USACE Issues Revised Draft Environmental Impact Statement

November 2017

USACE Issues Final Environmental Impact Statement

Feb 2018

USACE Section 404 Permit Received



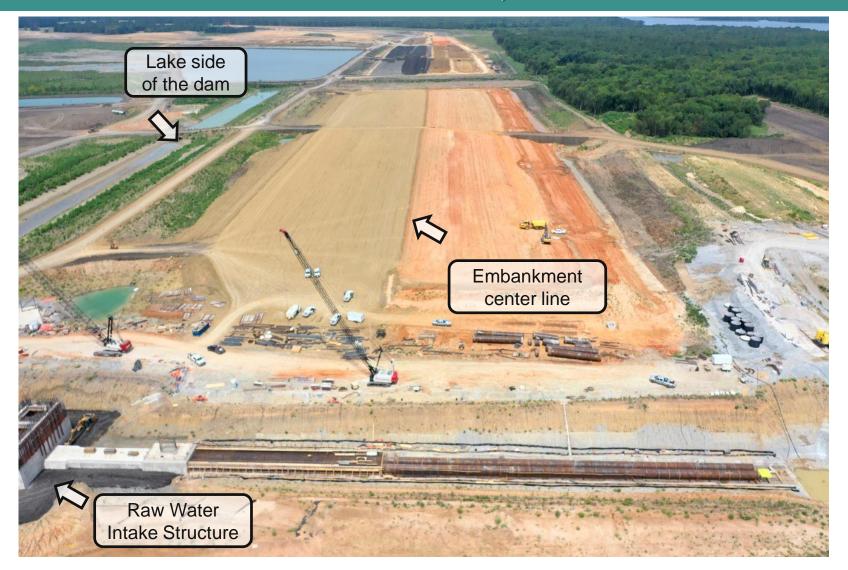








BOIS D'ARC LAKE DAM – 2 MILES LONG, 90 FT. TALL







BOIS D'ARC LAKE DAM AND RESERVOIR

Raw Water Intake Tower





Raw Water Intake Tower – Approx. 110-feet tall when complete

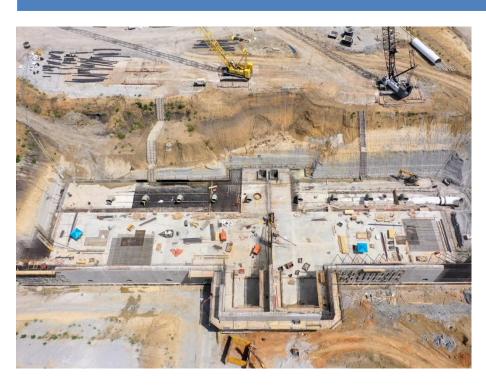
Two 78-inch pipes carry water from the Intake Tower to Raw Water Pump Station





BOIS D'ARC LAKE DAM AND RESERVOIR

Raw Water Pump Station





Initially 90 MGD 236 MGD at full build-out

9 pumps in a building the size of a football field





BOIS D'ARC LAKE

Raw Water Pipeline



35-miles of 90-inch pipe



3,696 total pieces of pipe Each section of pipe = 50 ft. long; weighs 25,000 lbs





BOIS D'ARC LAKE ROADS

FM 897 Bridge and County Roads



Approx. 11 miles of new county and state roads, including 1.3-mile-long new bridge



Approx. \$50 million in improvements (Note the old bridge above the new one)





BOIS D'ARC LAKE REQUIRED MITIGATION

Replacing trees and improving streams





Approx. 1.67 million trees planted out of 5 million

Over 70 miles of stream improvements





BOIS D'ARC LAKE RELATED INFRASTRUCTURE

Leonard Water Treatment Plant



Approx. 1,000-acre site Initially able to treat 70 MGD

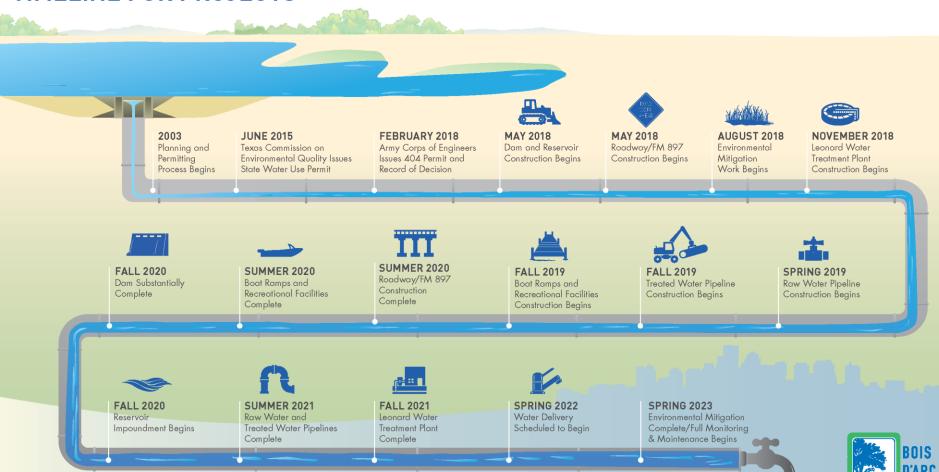


Installing pipe in the Ozone facility





TIMELINE FOR PROJECTS







PERMITTING REFORM RECOMMENDATIONS

STREAMLINE PERMITTING

 Unnecessary delays from changeover in people, policies, concepts and procedures – process should only take 2-3 years

STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS TO PERMIT CHALLENGES

 Should be shortened to 180 days vs. 5+ years to avoid further delays of litigation

FEDERAL FUNDING FOR SUPPLY PROJECTS

 Water supply lowest priority and lowest funded program of USACE – need Congress to approve more funding and resources

ESTABLISHING PURPOSE & NEED

 Population and demand projections developed/approved by state should be sufficient

USE OF BEST AVAILABLE INFORMATION

- Applicants shouldn't be required to develop new or updated information late in permitting process – recommend statutory deadline.
- Applicant and agencies should have binding agreement on impact assessment methods required for evaluation.

COMPENSATORY MITIGATION

 Environmental benefits of supply projects should be considered as offsets to impacts





KEYS TO SUCCESS

- Reservoirs are an absolute necessity and we've stayed focused on:
 - PROTECTING ENVIRONMENT
 - SMART DEVELOPMENT
 - PROVIDING ESSENTIAL SERVICES TO NORTH TEXANS... WATER IS LIFE
- Build relationships with state and federal agencies early
- Assemble dream team get right resources/expertise
- Get support from elected officials – keep informed along the way
- Funded entire \$1.6B project with low interest SWIFT funding from TWDB... saving
 \$230 million



Follow our progress at www.BoisdArcLake.org





QUESTIONS? FOLLOW US @NTMWD



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